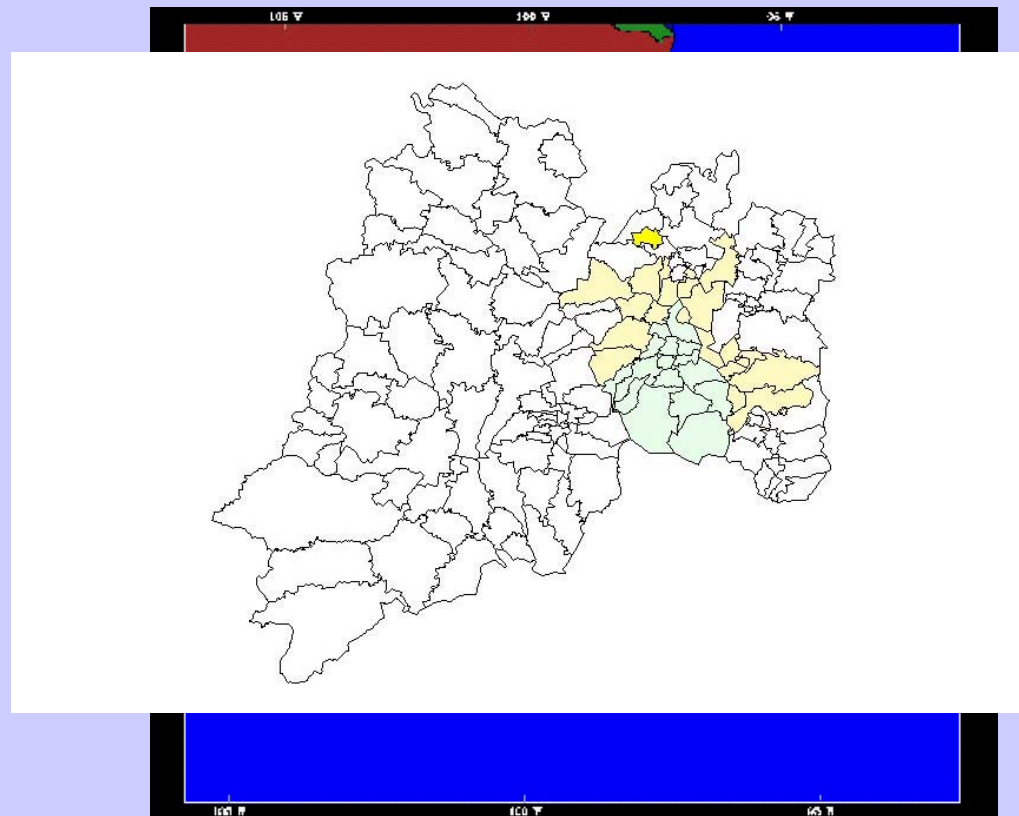

Improving the Mexico City Biogenic VOC Emissions Inventory.

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Objectives

- To reduce uncertainty in the MCMA biogenic VOC emission estimates
- To produce a better input of biogenic VOC emissions to regional air quality models.

The MCCM model uses a 3 levels nested
dominium



To reduce uncertainties

The diagram shows the equation $Emissions = \sum_i A_i F_i$. A horizontal line passes through the equation. A callout box labeled 'improve' points to the term A_i . Another callout box labeled 'Use local EF' points to the term F_i .

$$Emissions = \sum_i A_i F_i$$

$$A_{i,j} = S_{i,j} I_i C_j$$

Where:

S = surface area vegetation type i

I= Biomass leaf index of vegetation type i

C_j= Correction factor for I_i for stress level j

About emission factors

- To measure seasonally-resolved speciated emission factors for selected species
- Selection criteria
 - Widely distributed within in the basin
 - Widely used in reforestation programs
- Ranking for emission intensities (total VOC) to choose target tree species for seasonally

Species selected
for speciated EF



Foto: CIDE

Abies religiosa



Pinus patula



Quercus rugosa

Emission factors for *Abies religiosa*

Monoterpenes	Emission factor at 30°C μg g ⁻¹ h ⁻¹	
	October 2002 Ends rains season	April 2003 Dry and very warm
α-pinene	0.418 ± 0.042	0.0051 ± 0.0001
β-pinene	0.810 ± 0.053	0.0001 ± 1E-5
Δ ³ -carene	0.839 ± 0.053	0.0013 ± 0.0001
limonene	0.014 ± 0.056	0.0008 ± 0.0002
γ-terpinene	-----	0.0003 ± 1E-5
Linalool	0.651 ± 0.066	DL.
Total	2.733	0.008

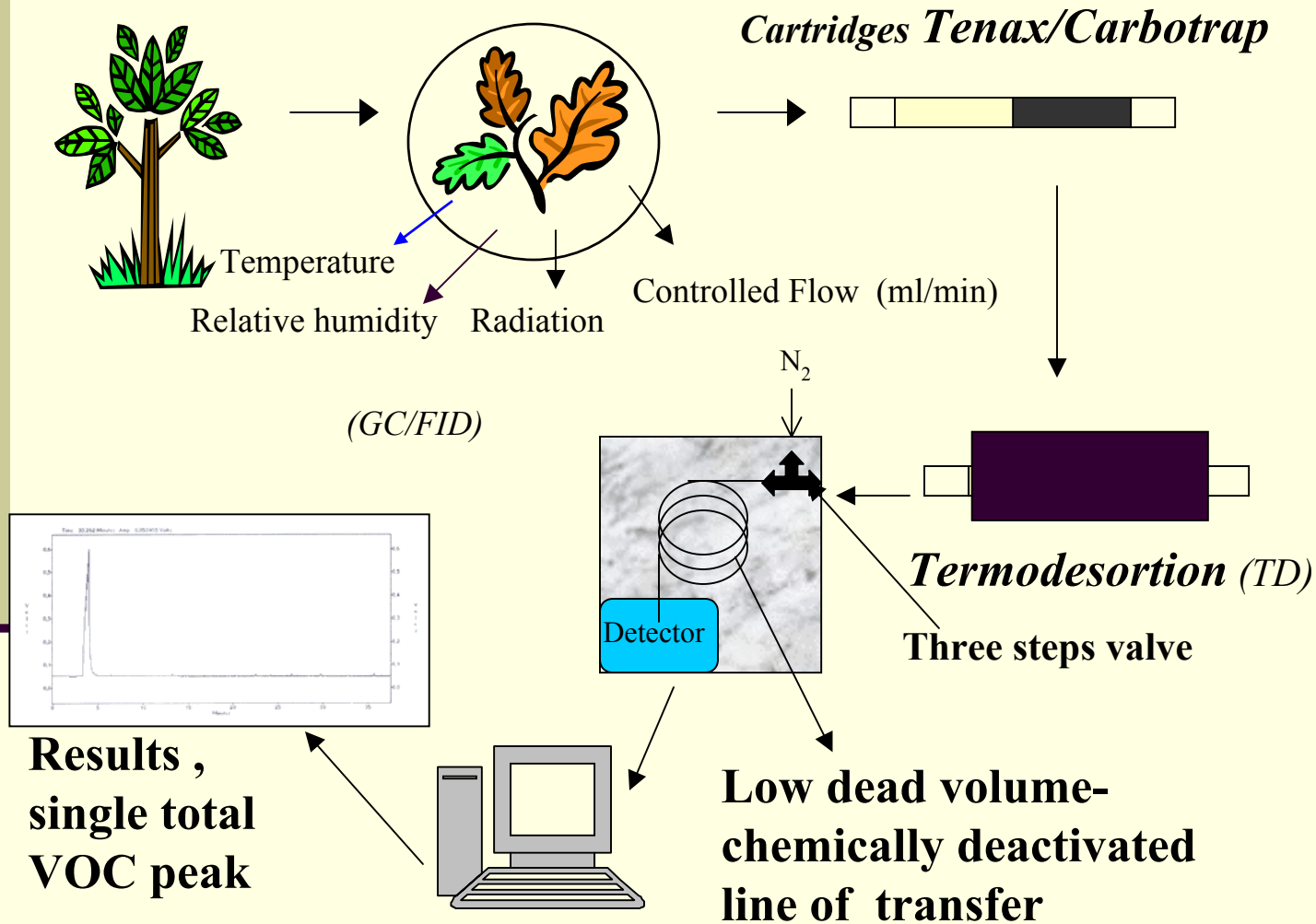
Emission factors for *Pinus patula*

Monoterpenes	Emission factor at 30°C μg g ⁻¹ h ⁻¹	
	October 2002 Finishing rains season	April 2003 Dry and very warm
α-pinene	1.758 ± 0.038	0.308 ± 0.026
β-pinene	0.193 ± 0.010	0.048 ± 0.021
Δ ³ -carene		0.405 ± 0.024
limonene	0.688 ± 0.032	-----
γ-terpinene	0.632 ± 0.069	0.175 ± 0.025
Linalool	0.279 ± 0.011	0.178 ± 0.023
Total	3.5533	1.115

Emission factors for *Quercus rugosa*

Month	Emission factor at 30°C $\mu\text{g g}^{-1} \text{h}^{-1}$	C.V.
November 2002 Start dry season	17.175 ± 0.96	5.61 %
May 2003 Dry and very warm	126.50 ± 0.47	2.15 %
July 2003 Rains season	1.191 ± 0.23	1.99 %

Experimental set up for the ranking experiments



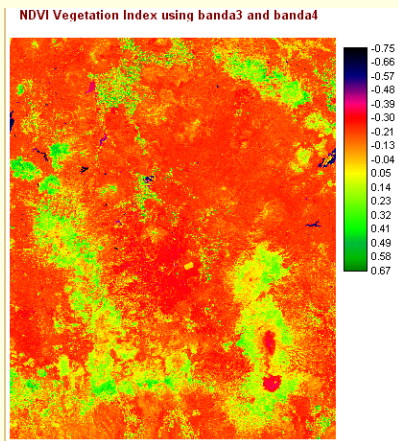
Pending tasks

- To check for possible light dependence of α -pinene
- To develop criteria to assign season dependent emission factors

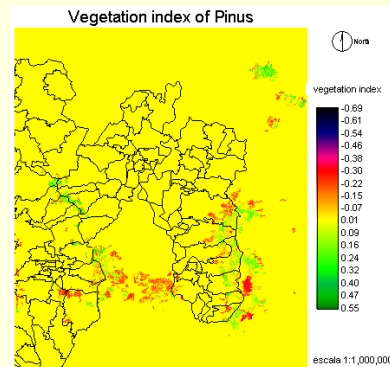
About activity data

- Identify land healthy/stressed forest areas
- To measure leaf biomax index for each forest/degree of stress class

Biomass leaf index and correction factors



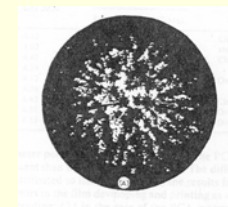
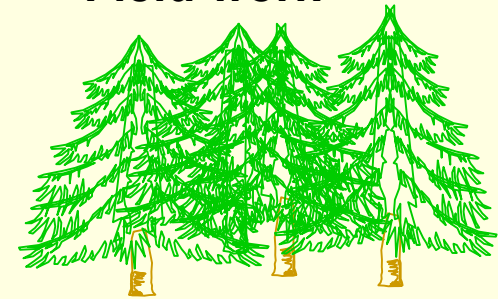
LANDSAT image processing



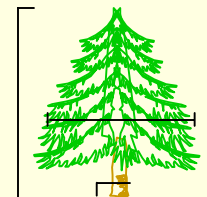
Choosing study sites



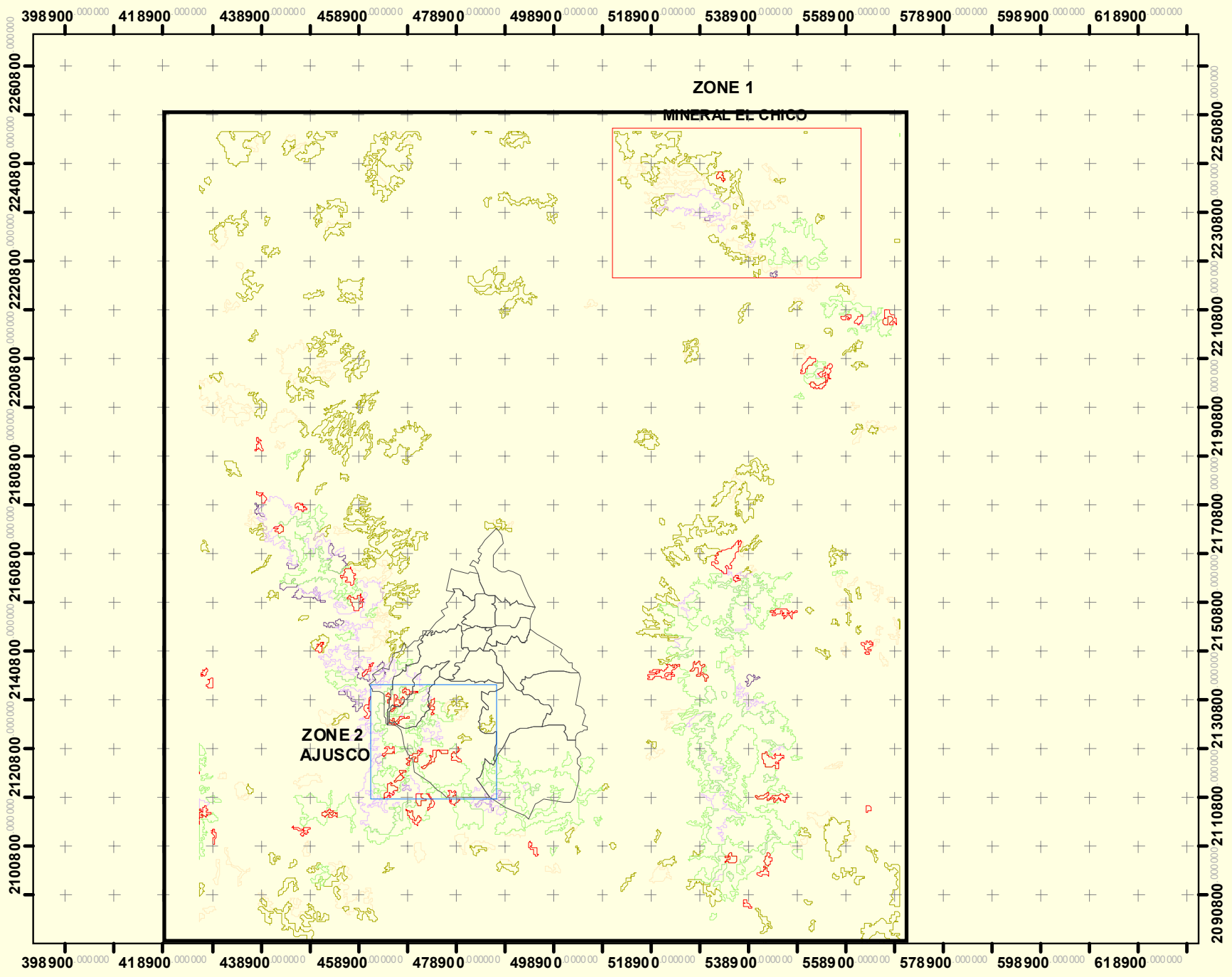
Field work

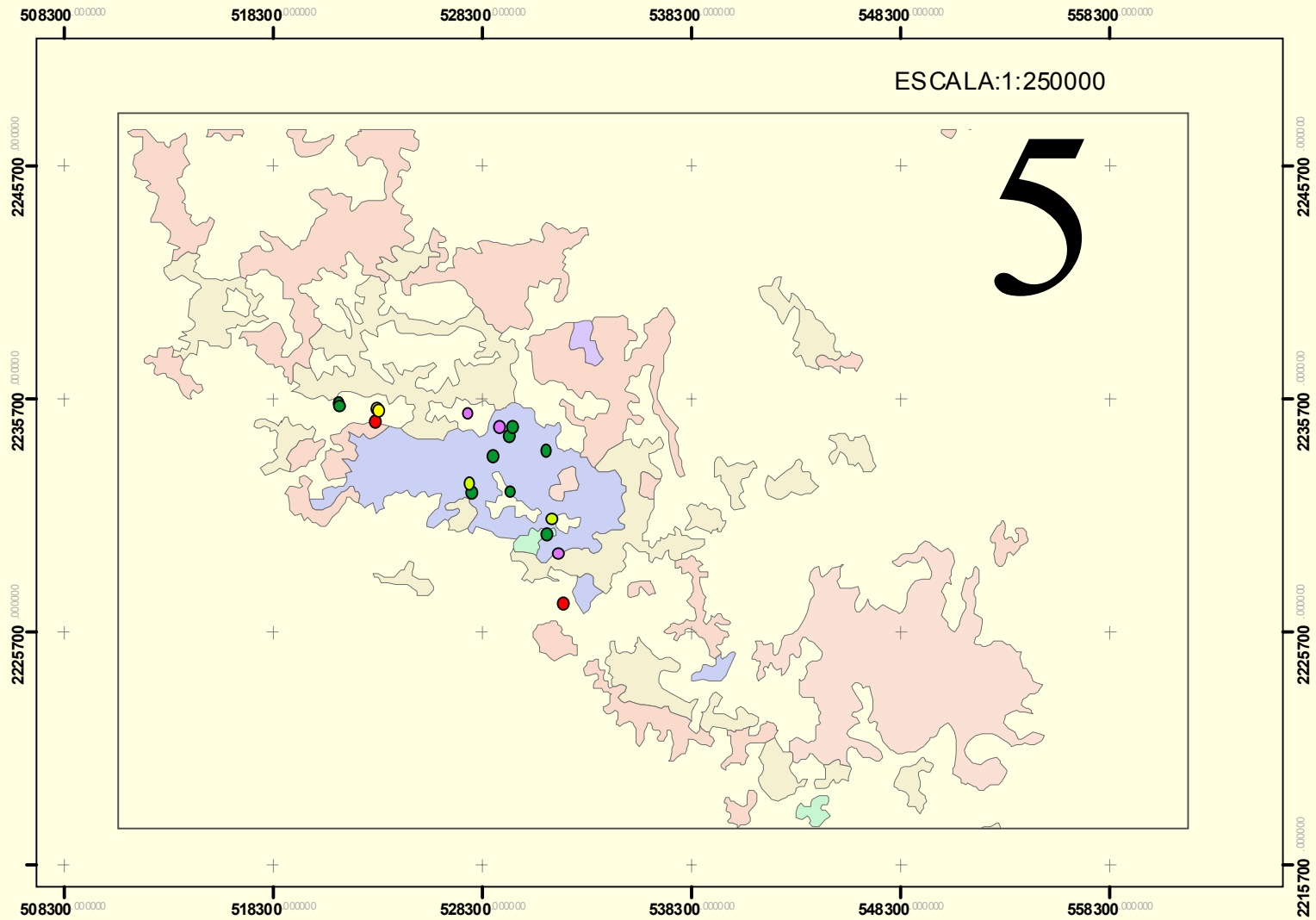


Hemispheric photo














biomass measurements

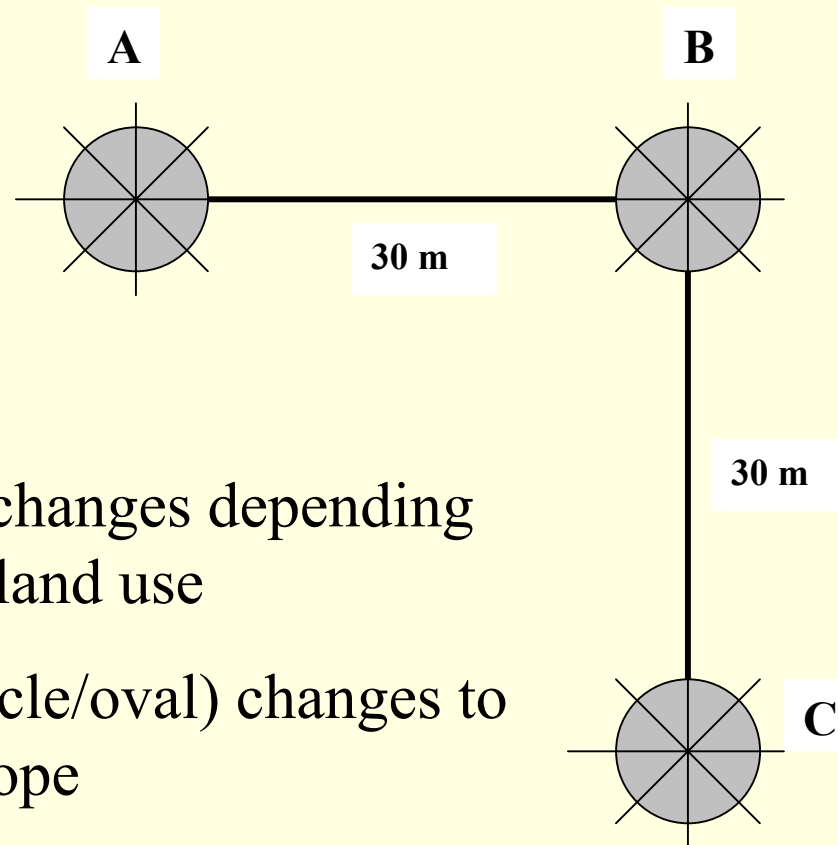




SIMBOLOGIA

 Healthy_Quercus	 Stressed_Pinus sp	 Stressed Abies	 Quercus -Abies
 Stressed_Abies sp	 Healthy_Abies	 Stressed Quercus	 Healthy Abies sp
 Healthy_Pinus sp	 Stressed_Quercus	 Healthy Quercus	

biomass measurement



3 plots by site

Plot diameter changes depending on land cover/land use

Plot shape (circle/oval) changes to compensate slope



LAI = 0.36 m²/m²



LAI = 0.46 m²/m²



LAI = 0.60 m²/m²



LAI = 1.11 m²/m²

Hemispherical
photos taken
in the center
of each plot

Abies

Pending tasks

- To obtain reflectivity indexes with different algorithms
- To complete sampling
- To obtain the stress correcting factors C_j