## Emission Inventory Needs and Enhancements Planned for the US

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## Topics to be Covered

- What is the El & Why do we Need it ?
  - What the NEI is ( & What it isn't)
  - What is Needed (and Why) ?
  - What are the Important Sources
  - How is the NEI Developed ?
- Inventory Issues & Update
- Process-based Emissions Models
- Ongoing Issues in the NEI

## What's Included in the US National Emission Inventory (NEI)?

- PM10, PM2.5, SO2, NOx, Ammonia, VOC, CO & HAPS.
  - Point sources (over 70,000 sources, 0.5M emission points)
    - County, Latitude, and Longitude.
    - Units / process emission points within each source.
    - Release parameters stack height, etc.
    - Control equipment type and efficiency, ideally.
  - □ Area & Mobile Sources by County (> 3000 Counties)
    - 400 categories of Highway & Non road Mobile.
    - 300+ categories of Area sources.
- Annual emissions, but possibly shorter periods also.
- Other data fields
- Documentation.
  - Process description code (SCC); business type code (SIC).
  - Notes: 1) More detail is usually available in State / Local / Tribal & RPO databases;
    - 2) Spatial & temporal allocations & speciation done in emissions processor

## Related Information Usually Found in the Emissions Processor... Not In the EI

### Related Information Found in Emission Processors

- PM2.5, VOC speciation profiles.
  - Standard practice for PM: Organic carbon, Elem. carbon, sulfate, nitrate, crustal; PMC from PM10 & PM2.5
  - Special Needs for PM: Elements, ions, specific organics.
- Spatial, Temporal allocation factors.
- "Transport fraction" for fugitive dust. (Ammonia ??).

#### **Status of Emission Processors**

- SMOKE ~ full toxics support, updating QA, adding FD transport
- OpEM ~ under development by LADCO
- MOVES ~ under development by OTAQ (Fall 2005)
- EMS-2003 ~ LADCO just released V3

### Why is an Emission Inventory Needed?

- Air quality model development & testing.
- Preliminary control strategy explorations for PM and Regional Haze.
- Emission rule adoption federal or state/local.
- SIP boundaries & attainment demonstrations.
- Tracking trends & attainment progress.
- Source permitting, Compliance monitoring.
- Community risk assessment.
- Public information requests.

### Geographic Needs ~ All of North America

### Important PM2.5 Source Categories in the NEI

#### **DIRECT EMISSIONS**

#### **SO2** c

- Open Burning (all types)
- Non-Road & On-Road Mobile
- Residential Wood Burning
- Wildfires
- Power Gen
- Boilers (Oil, Gas, Coal)
- Boilers (Wood)

Combustion

#### Crustal / Metals b

- Fugitive Dust
- Mineral Prod Ind
- Ferrous Metals

- Power Gen (Coal)
- Boilers (Coal)
- Power Gen (Oil)
- Boilers (Oil)
- Industrial Processes

#### <u>NOx</u>

- On-Road Mobile (Gas, Diesel)
- Power Gen (Coal)
- Non-Road Mobile (Diesel)
- Boilers (Gas, Coal)
- Residential (Gas, Oil)
- Industrial Processes

#### <u>NH3</u>

PRECURSOR EMISSIONS

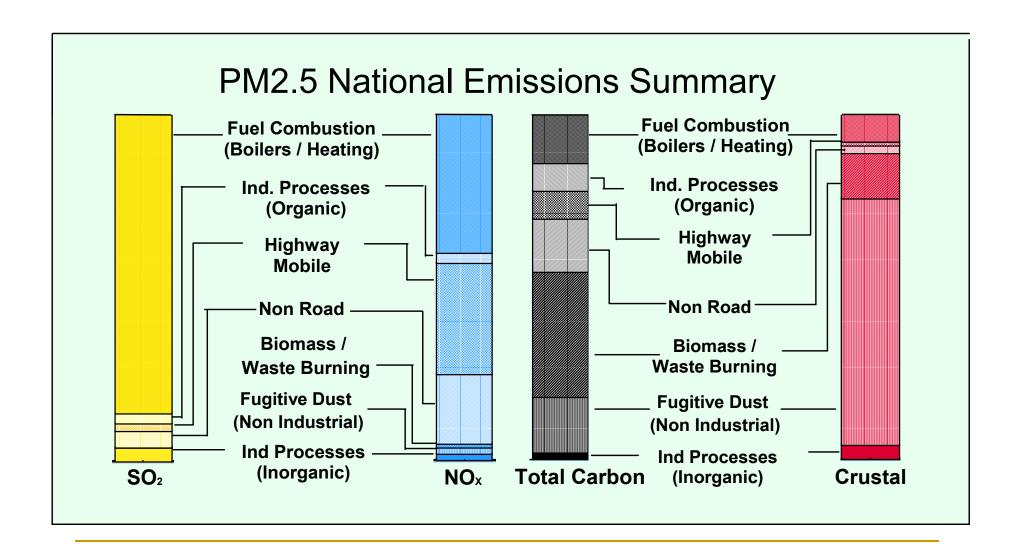
- On-Road Mobile
- Animal Husbandry
- Fertilizer Application
- Wastewater Treatment
- Boilers

#### **VOC**d

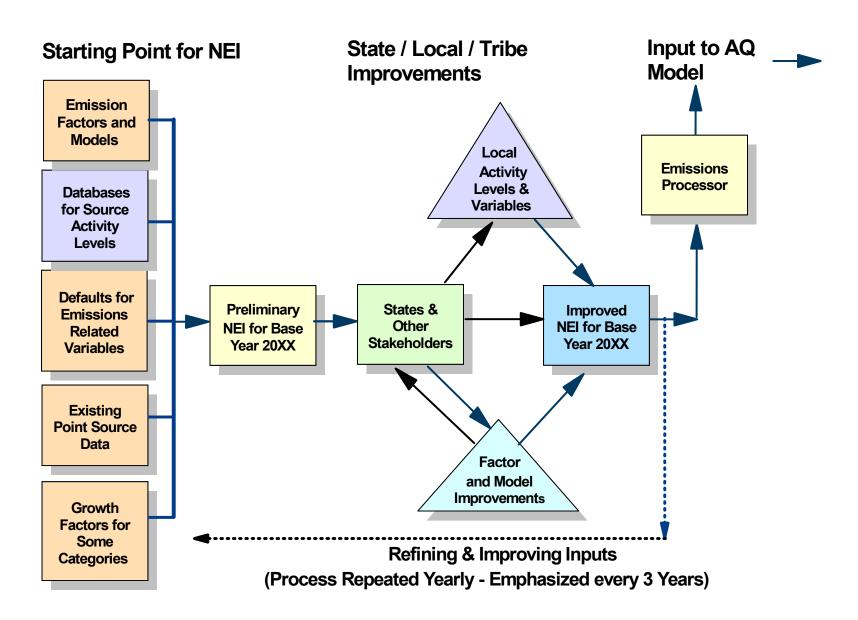
- Biogenics
- Solvent use
- On-Road (Gas)
- Storage and Transport
- Residential Wood
- Petrochemical Industry
- Waste Disposal
- Includes primary organic particles, elemental carbon and condensible organic particles; also some flyash Impact of carbonaceous emissions on ambient PM 5 to 10 times more than crustal emissions impact
- c Includes SQ, and SQ and HSQ condensible inorganics
- Contributes to formation of secondary organic aerosols

**NOTE:** Categories in **BOLD** are most important nationally. Their relative importance varies among and between urban and rural areas.

### Sources of Direct PM2.5 (after Speciation)



### NEI Development ~ Cooperative, Iterative



## The Emission Inventory: New Requirements, New Faces

- New Consolidated Emissions Reporting Rule (CERR).
  - □ 2001 large point sources.
  - □ 2002 -- all sources, all pollutants.
  - States should have changed source reporting requirements to match.
- 5 Regional Planning Organizations (RPO's) are investing heavily in inventory development, QA, and improvement.

## The Emission Inventory: New Tools, New Procedures

#### Tools & Methods Work

- PM Condensibles, QA/QC Tool
- Emissions Processor Improvements
  - Temporal & spatial profiles improvements
  - Speciation profile improvements "PM2.5 in progress"
  - SMOKE now handles HAPs, interfaces w/ Mobile 6

### Procedural Changes for 1999 / 2002 NEI's.

- □ '02 ~ 1<sup>st</sup> NEI to get Scientific peer review
- Transparency & reproducability ~ Meet OMB's IQ Guidelines
- NIF Reporting Format
- □ HAPS / Criteria Merger ~ "in progress"

## Inventory Issues & Update ... Point Sources

For sources >100 tons per year (lower in some states)
Almost always self-report to state / local / tribes
Estimated by continuous stack monitors (SO2 and NOx),
emission factors, or single tests

- '99 / '02 Improvements
  - Quality Assurance., Chemical naming standards ~
     EPA Data Standards
  - Emission history table ~ tracks facility-level changes
- Future ~ Complete Merger of HAPs / Criteria

## Inventory Issues & Update ... Area Sources

Estimated by state / local / tribal agency or by EPA.

Over 300 possible categories.

Mixed, evolving suite of methods & data sources.

- Methods and coverage inconsistent across agencies
- Methods evolve from one version to another.
- Issue Double counting with point sources.
- Recent methods improvements
  - Open Burning, Fertilizer, Construction, Wood Burning
  - Near Source Removal of Fugitive Dust (Transport Fraction).
    - (We are investigating NH4 surface interactions.)

## Inventory Issues & Update ... Highway Mobile

Estimated by state/local/tribal agency, or by EPA. VMT is...

- By county, By type of road, maybe by individual roadway
- By type of vehicle

Emission factor model – MOBILE5, MOBILE6, EMFAC
Many possible levels of fine tuning, so estimates may differ by organization

 Current NEI Issue – Transferring estimation inputs to allow consistent projections, scenarios, etc.

## Inventory Issues & Update ... Nonroad Mobile

#### NONROAD 2002 model from EPA.

Construction equipment, lawn and garden, recreational vehicles, etc.

Planes, locomotives, and commercial marine.

- Various methods and data bases for local estimates.
- EPA estimates national emissions and allocates to counties based on activity surrogates.
- Military base emissions are a continuing problem.
- Current NEI Issue Transferring estimation inputs to allow consistent projections, scenarios, etc.

# Inventory Issues & Update ... Biogenic Sources

Hourly Biogenic emission estimates needed for air quality modeling.

- BELD3 data on vegetation coverage.
- BEIS3 emissions model.
- □ Meteorology data/model, e.g. MM5.

Annual inventory estimates are useful for general information.

- EPA has annual estimates for 1996, will create new county totals for 2002 by running every day.
- V3.11 accounts for seasonality of fertilizer NO release
   & short term fluctuations due to rainfall.

## Inventory Issues & Update ... Data Exchange & Management

Separate data systems in each jurisdiction.

- Volume of data is huge.
- Many chances for oversights, errors, and miscommunication.
- EPA has defined a common exchange format –
   "NIF" -- for getting data from states and sharing our data with others
- QA, accuracy, transparency, access, query tools, and timely corrections will be continuing challenges.

### **Process-based Emissions Models**

The National Emissions Inventory is NOT currently linked to real time conditions (nor process variables) that may affect emissions magnitude.

Process-based Emissions Models can provide this link and enable potentially great improvements in the quality of the inventory and chemical transport model estimates.

## Process-based Emissions Models

- Space- & Time- Sensitive Emissions due to...
  - e.g., wind, temperature, RH, vegetation types, soil type & moisture
- Linkages: MM5, GIS coverages, Emission algorithms
- Currently ~ BEIS3, MOBILE6
- PbEM Needs
  - Fugitive Dust (wind, unpaved roads, construction, tilling, removal)
  - Ammonia (fertilizer application, animal husbandry, removal)
  - Wildland Fires (fuels, fuel consumption, plume rise)
  - Residential Wood Burning
  - Evaporative Loss
  - Others?
- Examples: Wildland Fire & Fugitive Dust

### Wildland Fire Emissions Module

(under development)

- Modular input to Emission Models (e.g., SMOKE, OpEM) to interface with the CMAQ modeling system.
- User Inputs: Fire locations, duration, size
- Model Components
  - Fuel loading default: NFDRS / FCC map
  - Fuel Moisture: Calculates using MM5 met data
  - Fuel Consumption: CONSUME2.1 / FOFEM
  - Emissions, Heat Release & Plume Rise: EPM & Briggs (modified)
- Outputs: Gridded hourly emissions, plume characteristics
- Integrate, Test & Release Module (late 2004 earliest w/ funding)

## Fugitive Dust Emissions Module

(under development)

- Modular input to Emission Models (e.g., SMOKE, OpEM) to interface with the CMAQ modeling system. It will
  - establish consistent database of resource info (soil map, land use, vegetation cover, moisture, precipitation, wind speed) for making emission estimates for use with grid models.
  - demonstrate proof-of-concept of emission models for wind erosion, unpaved roads, construction, other dust sources,
- Evaluate the capability of the Fugitive Dust Emissions Module
  - Sensitivity testing & identify key areas for improvement.
- Integrate, Test & Release Module (mid 2004 earliest w/ funding)

## Other Inventory Issues

- Transient, Cyclic & Atypical Operation
- Speciation, Diurnal & Seasonal Profiles
- Uncertainty
  - Varies Among Pollutants & Source Types
  - □ NARSTO ~ contains qualitative assessment
  - Range of Certainty
    - SO2 (best) ... open sources (least)
  - Reducing Model / Inventory-induced Uncertainty
    - Speciated Rollback
  - Receptor Models
    - Independent tool to assess source contribution biases & guide El improvements